DALI Display 7"

Customized Layout Control Device

Guide for creating custom pages



DALI Display Customized Layout

Versionhistory

V06	[ur] May 2016
	New Buttonfunction 7: Tunable White, New Buttonfunction 17: Macros
V05	[ur] November 2015
	New Buttonfunction 6: Switch; Changes on Sequence/Schedule/SDLL-Control;
V0.4	[ur] July 2015
	Translating from German Version
V0.1	[ur] 30.10.2014
	First version, under work, just for information

Content

1.	Customized Layouts - Basics
1.1	Function
1.2	Upload4
2.	File and Pic Requirements
3.	Supported Control Elements
4.	XML-configuration file pages.xml7
4.1.	Button Definition via <button>-tag8</button>
5.	User defined command lists macroN.xml
6.	Lunatone Examples
6.1	Example Lunatone 114
6.1.	Example Lunatone 2
6.2.	Example Lunatone 3

1. Customized Layouts - Basics

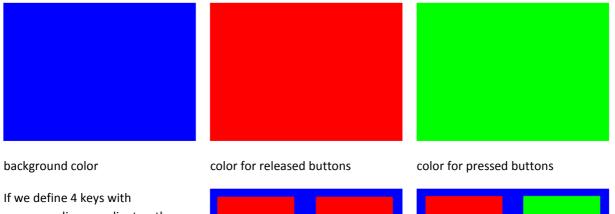
1.1 Function

Generation of custom sites is based on a simple concept, each customized layout and the according files can be uploaded to the device via Ethernet or USB.

Each site is assembled from 3 pics: the background and 2 pics, one with pressed and one with released buttons.

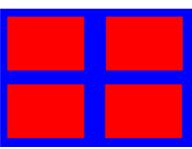
In a configuration file the coordinates of the buttons are defined. These coordinates are then used one hand to distinguish which button is pressed (human machine interaction), on the other hand to cut out the areas from pressed and released images and overlay them to the background image.

Besides the spatial representation of the keys the configuration file is also used to declare the function of each button. The function ranges from simple On/Off-switches up to controlling automatic sequences and custom macros.

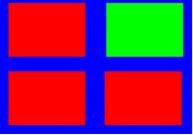


Simple illustration example using 4 keys:

If we define 4 keys with corresponding coordinates, the resulting image is based on the momentary pressed/released button situation:



layout with 4 released keys



layout with 1 pressed key

1.2 Upload

The user defined files can be uploaded to the display in 2 different ways. We recommend the use of the Ethernet connection, but it can also be done with the help of an USB-stick.

Ethernet Network:

Enter the IP-address of the DALI Display in your browser:



Press ">more" in order to get to the next page:

DALI Display - File Up/De	
← → C 🗋 192.16	8.0.164/update.htm
🛿 Apps 🙁 Google Ď L	uPOS Login 📋 ZIT Online Einreichu 🗀 Lichttechnik 🔆 Spark Wi-Fi for Eve 🚺 MODX CMF Manag 🗛 Google Übersetzer
	DALI Display Remote Access
	DALI Display - File Up/Download
	Download:
	▶ get config file
	get user customized resources
	Upload:
	Datei auswählen Keine ausgewählt upload
	Recognized files are: DALIDisplay_Vxxx.zip: Firmware update file. (xxx=version number) ConfigData.bin: Configuration Data (Restoring) screensaver.png: Screen saver image file (800°480 px, PNG format) background.png: Background image file (800°480 px, PNG format) Files for Customized Sites:
	user_rescource.zip / user_resource.tar: Folder with all customized files pages.xml: Configuration file for customized sites ".png: Image files for customized sites (800°480 px or 800°405 px)
	▶ return to main page

On this site you can then select the files on your computer for upload. For the user defined sites the following files are important:

- pages.xml ... configuration file for user defined sites
- xxx.pngimages for background and buttons (filename: 20 characters max)
- user_resource.zip ... Zip-File containing all images in png format and the pages.xml, with an empty user_resource.zip already existing resource-files can be removed from display

Please pay attention to the case-sensitivity of the file names (especially when using them in the pages.xml)!

2. File and Pic Requirements

background images: 800x480, file-format: png

pic with buttons: 800x405, file-format: png

configuration file: pages.xml or pageN.xml (N=1...16) if a separate file is used for each site. pages.xml has higher priority than pageN.xml

3. Supported Control Elements

In user defined sites various types of control elements are supported:

type 0: momentary switch element – offers the possibility to define DALI-commands for switch on/off; This type can also be used for linking to another page

type 1: dim element – key for sending DALI-dimming commands

type 2: switchdim element – short key press for on/off, long key press for dimming, the DALIcommands can be defined

type 3: sequence control element – key for controlling sequences that are already stored in the display

type 4: schedule control element – key for controlling sequences that are already stored in the display

type 5: schedule list control element – key for controlling sequences that are already stored in the display

type 6: switch control element – sending one Command on key press and another one on key release

type 7: tunable white control element – control of DALI DT8 luminaires, Type Tc

Type 17: Start Macro

If there is defined one command only for type 0-2, this command will be sent if the key is pressed. If more than one command is defined for the key, a switch will send the OnCmd or OffCmd depending

on the actual state of the light, whereas the dimmer will send a repeated UpCmd or DownCmd, these cmds will alternate at each long press action.

4. XML-configuration file pages.xml

XML (Extensible Markup Language) is used for the configuration file, because with the help of tags the file does not only get a clear structure but also becomes readable and at least for part self-explaining.

File pages.xml can be edited with each standard text editor like notepad or similar, but we recommend to use a xml-editor like XML-notepad. XML is characterized that is organized in structures. Each of these structures starts and ends with a tag. For pages.xml these tags are:

<configuration></configuration>	// start tag of configuration file
sub structures	// sub structures possible within the tags
	//end tag of configuration file

In pages.xml <Site> is the uppermost structure. A configuration file defining 3 sites has the following structure (italic font is used for further substructures within the <Site>-tag):

<configuration></configuration>	//Start		
<site></site>	//Start Site 1		
<site< td=""><td colspan="3">umber>1</td></site<>	umber>1		
<site< td=""><td>Name> Customized Room 1 </td></site<>	Name> Customized Room 1		
<ima< td=""><td colspan="3">eBgnd>userbgnd1.png</td></ima<>	eBgnd>userbgnd1.png		
<ima< td=""><td>gea> button1r.png </td></ima<>	gea> button1r.png		
<ima< td=""><td>geb>button1p.png</td></ima<>	geb>button1p.png		
<but< td=""><td>ton></td></but<>	ton>		
<td>tton></td>	tton>		
<but< td=""><td>ton></td></but<>	ton>		
<td>tton></td>	tton>		
<but< td=""><td>ton></td></but<>	ton>		
<td>tton></td>	tton>		
	//End Site 1		
<site></site>	//Start Site 2		
	//End Site 2		
<site></site>	//Start Site 3		
	//End Site e 3		
	//End		

At this point it gets clear that due to the growing structure the file will get unreadable in a standard text editor, whereas for example in XML-Notepad we see a clearly structure, with containers and folders similar to the well known windows explorer filesystem.

Tree View XSL Output	
● xml	version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"
<pre>#comment</pre>	Test Configuration
🖻 🗝 Configuration	
🖻 🔤 Site	
🥌 ‡comment	Custom Testing Site
🗉 🕒 SiteNumber	1
🕀 SiteName	Userroom1
🕂 🐨 🜔 Imagea	button1r.png
🕂 🌑 Imageb	button1p.png
🕂 🔂 Button	
🗈 🛁 Button	
🕀 💼 Button	
🕀 🔂 Button	

Figure 1: XML-editor view

For each site mandatory and optional tags can be defined, e.g. site number, sitename, used pics, etc. Each key can then be defined in detail within a separate structure marked by the <Button> tag. Tags, value ranges and parameters are listed below:

Tag Mandatory / Optional		Description		
<configuration></configuration>	Μ	marks begin and end of pages.xml		
<site></site>	Μ	Indicates a site definition		
<sitenumber></sitenumber>	Μ	sitenumber, value range 1 16 , at the moment up to 16 user defined sites are supported.		
<sitename></sitename>	0	site name, optional		
<imagebgnd></imagebgnd>	0	name of the background image *.png, if no image is defined the default background (defined in display setting) is used		
<lmagea></lmagea>	Μ	name of layout with released keys, *.png		
<imageb></imageb>	Μ	name of layout with pressed keys, *.png		
<showclock></showclock>	0	Default="Yes", "No" does disable the clock on the upper right		
<showdate></showdate>	0	Default="Yes", "No" does disable date on the upper right		
<button></button>	Μ	indicates a button definition		

Hint: Clock and Date will be shown in the upper right corner, hence a height of 32px and a width of 300px have to be reserved on new pages. Otherwise there can occur unlovely visual effects.

4.1. Button Definition via <Button>-tag

Button definition is similar to the site structure. Several sub categories are available to describe the whole button function. The basic structure is shown in the figure:

🖻 🗝 Button				
🌔 #comment				
🌔 Name				
🕀 💼 Coordinates				
🕀 🗁 🛅 Function				
🗄 🗁 🚞 Destination				

Switch	On/Off	all	Lights	in	the	Room	



A button is defined by setting name (optional – name is shown on the button on the display) as well as the containers for coordinates, function and DALI destination address. Therefore the following structures are available:

The tags of the coordinates are self-explaining. A Button is always defined as rectangle with upper left and bottom right corner:

🚊 🖂 🔁 Coordinates	
🗈 🕓 UpperLeftX	50
🗉 🌔 UpperLeftY	60
🕀 🕒 BottomRightX	170
🗈 🔛 BottomRightY	370
· •	



In the function-container the control element type (see chapter 3) is defined. Furthermore the DALIcommands that should be used can be declared.

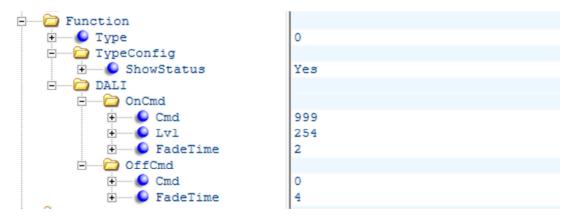


Figure 4: switch configuration

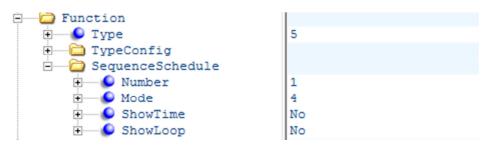
In Figure 4 a switch (type0) is configured. For switching function DALI commands are defined (OnCmd, OffCmd) within the DALI-tag. If we would have used a dimmer (type=1) UpCmd and/or DownCmd would have been defined. When using a switchdim element all 4 commands can be defined.

If there is only one command defined (e.g. OnCmd for a switch element), then it sends the OnCmd on each button press. Dim elements can be configured this way for dimming down or dimming up only.

A DALI command consists of the DALI command number according to the DALI standard (e.g.: 0=OFF, 5=RECALL MAX, etc ...), which is placed within the <Cmd>-tag. If a direct dim level should be sent, the value "999" has to be used as command number, and within the <Lvl>-tag the direct arc power level has to be specified (0...254). Additionally some parameters can be defined which should be send prior to the device. Supported parameters are FadeTime and FadeRate, if they have influence on the defined command depends on the command itself¹.

An example for a SDLL-control button is shown below:

¹ This effect is caused by the DALI commands. The faderate has influence on the dim commands UP and DOWN but does not have any effect on direct arc power commands. Therefore the fade time has to be used. Some commands like OFF, RECALL MIN or RECALL MAX are not effected by these parameters at all. In Figure 4 the fadetime has no influence on the OFF-command defined within <OffCmd> but it is sent to the destination address before the OFF-commands is transmitted.



5: Defining a sequence control button

Finally the destination address has to be defined. At the moment only a single destination address (A0...A63, B0..B63, G0...G15, ALL) is supported.

Destination	
Address	G01

Figure 6: Defining the destination address

The examples used here may be different to other buttons which use other control elements. A list of valid tags and there effect is given in the table below:

Тад	Parent	M/O	Description		
<name></name>	<button></button>	0	Button name, this name is shown on the key itself, omit tag if name is not required		
<coordinates></coordinates>	<button></button>	Μ	Container tag for rectangular key definition		
<upperleftx></upperleftx>	<coordinates></coordinates>	М	x-coordinate upper left (0 <upperleftx<bottomrightx)< td=""></upperleftx<bottomrightx)<>		
<upperlefty></upperlefty>	<coordinates></coordinates>	Μ	y-coordinate upper left (0 <upperlefty<bottomrighty), 30="" a="" be="" clock="" displayed="" has="" height="" if="" is="" of="" reserved<="" td="" to=""></upperlefty<bottomrighty),>		
<bottomrightx></bottomrightx>	<coordinates></coordinates>	М	x-coordinate bottomright (UpperleftX <bottomrightx<=800)< td=""></bottomrightx<=800)<>		
<bottomrighty></bottomrighty>	<coordinates></coordinates>	М	y-coordinate bottomright (UpperleftY <bottomrighty<=405)< td=""></bottomrighty<=405)<>		
<function></function>	<button></button>	М	Container tag for the function		
<type></type>	<function></function>	M	Definition of control element type0 - momentary switch1 - dimmer2 - switchdim (short/long press)3 - sequence control element4 - schedule control element5 - SDLL control element6 - switch (OnCmd on Press, OffCmd on release)7 - Tunable White17 - Macro Control Element		
<typeconfig></typeconfig>	<function></function>	0	Container tag for detailed type configuration		
<showstatus></showstatus>	<typeconfig></typeconfig>	0	If ShowStatus is defined (=Yes) for type 0 or type 2 element the actual light state of the destination addres is displayed. Ist he destination ON -> Area from Imageb used, otherwise area from Imagea is used		
<link/>	<typeconfig></typeconfig>	0	Container tag for link to another page		
<embedpage></embedpage>	bedPage> <link/> O 1n (link to auf embedded page reserved		1n (link to auf embedded page); 66 Settings Site; 6 reserved		

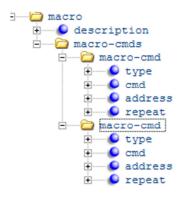
<userpage></userpage>	<link/>	0	116 (link to custom page)
<action></action>	<link/>	0	Short/Long – defines if a short or long press is required
			for executing the link
<dali></dali>	<function></function>	0	Container tag for DALI commands
<oncmd></oncmd>	<dali></dali>	M/O	container for definition of the On-Cmd
<cmd></cmd>	<oncmd></oncmd>	Μ	Command for Switch On
			Valid values: 999 (DAP); 5 (RECALL MAX), 6 (RECALL
			MIN), 16-31 (GOTO SCENE 0-15)
<offcmd></offcmd>	<dali></dali>	M/O	container for definition of the Off-Cmd
<cmd></cmd>	<offcmd></offcmd>	Μ	Command for Switch Off
			Valid values: 999 (DAP); 0 (OFF), 16-31 (GOTO SCENE 0-
			15)
<upcmd></upcmd>	<dali></dali>	M/O	container for definition of the Up-Cmd
<cmd></cmd>	<upcmd></upcmd>	Μ	Command for DIm Up
			Valid values: 1 (UP), 3 (STEP UP), 8 (ON AND STEPUP)
<onatstartup></onatstartup>	<upcmd></upcmd>	0	Yes/No; defines if ONANDSTEPUP should be used as start
-			cmd of an UP-Sequence
<downcmd></downcmd>	<dali></dali>	M/O	container for definition of the Down-Cmd
<cmd></cmd>	<downcmd></downcmd>	Μ	Command for DIm Down
			Valid values: 2 (DOWN), 4 (STEP DOWN), 7 (STEPDOWN
			AND OFF)
<lvl></lvl>	<oncmd></oncmd>	M/O	Required for direct arc power commands only
	<offcmd></offcmd>	M/O	(Cmd=999), dim value range:0254,255
<fadetime></fadetime>	<oncmd></oncmd>	0	Fadetime can be set before command is sent
	<offcmd></offcmd>		Values: 015 correponding toDALI
<faderate></faderate>	<upcmd></upcmd>	0	Faderate can be set before command is sent
	<downcmd></downcmd>		
			Values: 015 corresponding to DALI
<absolute></absolute>	<dali></dali>	M/O	Container tag for sending absolute Tc-Value (only in case
			of Function = Tunable White)
<tc></tc>	<absolute></absolute>	M/O	Tc Value in K
<relative></relative>	<dali></dali>	M/O	Container tag for a relativ change of the Tc- Value (only
			in case of Function = Tunable White)
<warmer></warmer>	<relative></relative>	M/O	Number of STEP WARMER cmds
<cooler></cooler>	<relative></relative>	M/O	Number of STEP COOLER cmds
<sequenceschedule></sequenceschedule>	<function></function>	0	container tag for sequences, schedules and SDLL
<number></number>	<sequenceschedule></sequenceschedule>	Μ	Sequence number, that should be controlled (199)
			Schedule number, that should be controlled (17)
			SDLL, that should be controlled (1)
			The <type>-Tag defines if it is a sequence, schedule or</type>
			SDLL
<mode></mode>	<sequenceschedule></sequenceschedule>	Μ	Defines the Type of Action
			0 Stop Sequence/Schedule
			1 Start Sequence/Schedule
			2 Pause Sequence/Schedule
			3 Start/Stop Alternating
			4 Start/Pause Alternating
			5 No Function (for visualising only)
<showtime></showtime>	<sequenceschedule></sequenceschedule>	0	show sequence/schedule runtime (Yes/No)

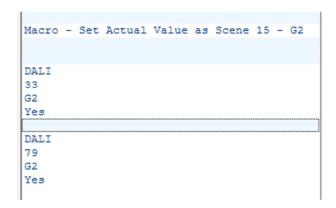
<showloop></showloop>	<sequenceschedule></sequenceschedule>	0	show number of loops
<macroname></macroname>	<button></button>	M/O	Tag within the name of the macro that should be
			executed can be defined. Markoname = macroN.xml
			N=0 64
<destination></destination>	<button></button>	M/O	Container tag for destination address (necessary for DALI
			Cmds, sequences, schedules)
<address></address>	<destination></destination>	M/O	Destination address (one address only)
			Single address: A0-A63, B0-B63
			Group address: G0-G15
			Broadcast: ALL, All, B

5. User defined command lists macroN.xml

User defined command lists can be executed using button function 17. They are stored in an xml-file as well. At the moment a macro can be only started by a button, but it can whether be stopped nor can it be retriggered. After user defined list has been executed it can be started again.

Example for storing the actual value as scene 15 value (group2):





Тад	Parent	M/O	Beschreibung
<macro></macro>	-	Μ	Container tag, start and end of user defined cmdlist
<description></description>	<macro></macro>	0	description
<macro-cmd></macro-cmd>	<macro></macro>	Μ	Container tag for a single cmd
<type></type>	<macro-cmd></macro-cmd>	Μ	Defines the type of the cmd
			- DALI
			- eDALI (to be defined)
<cmd></cmd>	<macro-cmd></macro-cmd>	Μ	Command number
			- all known DALI cmds
			- 999, if DAP cmd
<address></address>	<macro-cmd></macro-cmd>	Μ	Address (destination)
<repeat></repeat>	<macro-cmd></macro-cmd>	0	Yes/No, if there is need to send a cmd twice (e.g. DALI
			configuration commands)
<data></data>	<macro-cmd></macro-cmd>	0	Data of the cmd, e.g. DAP-Cmd or the DTR
<delay></delay>	<macro-cmd></macro-cmd>	0	Delay in ms before the next command is executed,

6. Lunatone Examples

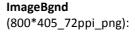
6.1 Example Lunatone 1

Layout: Switch 4 Groups, 3 Scenes and 2 Sequences. Broadcast Off and Broadcast Dim.

E.g. for dining room & bar, 3 scenes for evening, noon and morning, 2 sequences for ambient light in the evening and for the bar.



Strategy: 1 fixed background picture + 2 keylayouts (Image a und Image b)



background – blue color , please find dimension beside the pic

Maximum key area: 800*405px

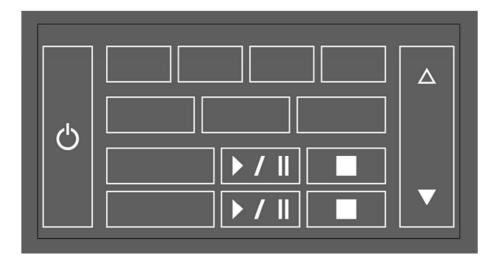


Image a (800*405_72ppi):

All unpressed and inactive states. Border with 2.5px

Transparent

background, for better visualisation the background is shown in grey

32px on the top are reserved for clock and date

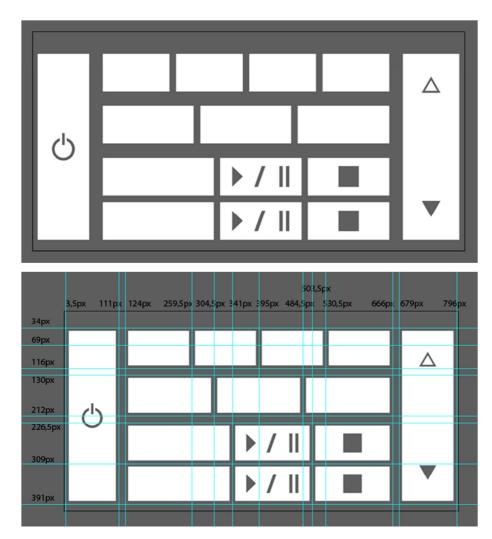


Image b (800*405_72ppi):

All pressed and active states. White rectangles

Transparent

background, for better visualisation the background is shown in grey

32px on the top are reserved for clock and date **Coordinates:**

Reference lines for easy definition oft he buttons, 6px reserve to the symbols

In pages.xml a function will be assigned to each field



Result: Screenshot

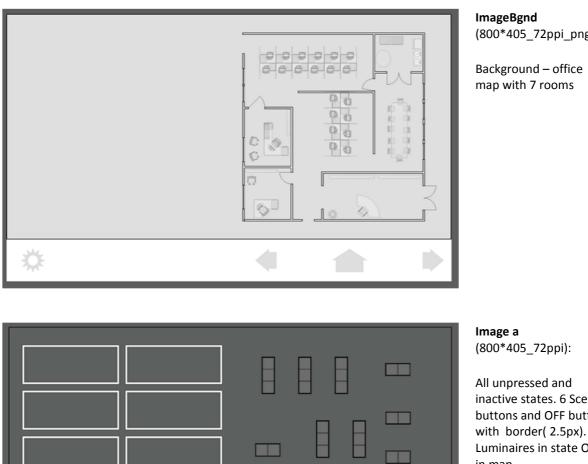
G1 and G2 are ON.

6.1. **Example Lunatone 2**

Layout: Switching of 7 Groups, 6 Scenes and a MAIN OFF.

E.g for 7 rooms of an office, 6 Scenen für evening, day, conference room, holiday, presentation, night/safety

Strategy: 1 background image + 2 keylayouts (Image a und Image b)



(800*405_72ppi_png):

inactive states. 6 Scene buttons and OFF button Luminaires in state Off in map.

Transparent

background, for better visualisation the background is shown in grey

32px on the top are reserved for clock and date

۲)

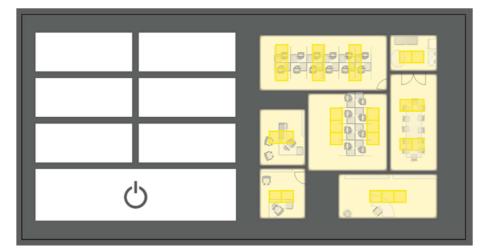


Image b (800*405_72ppi):

All pressed and active states. White rectangles and highlighted rooms

Transparent

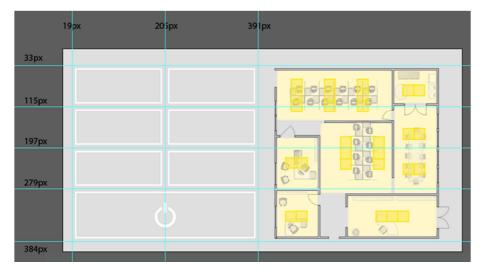
background, for better visualisation the background is shown in grey

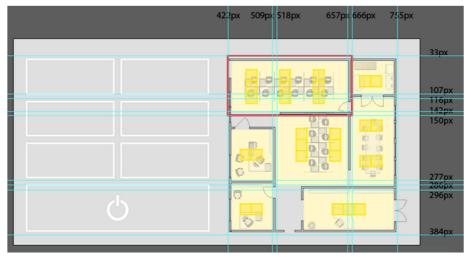
32px on the top are reserved for clock and date

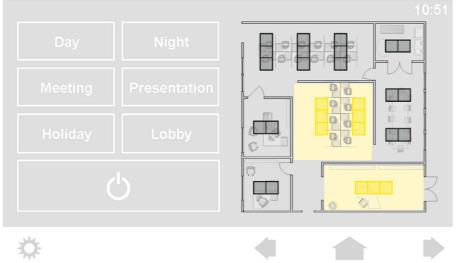
Coordinates:

Reference lines for easy definition oft he buttons, 6px reserve to the symbols

In pages.xml a function will be assigned to each field







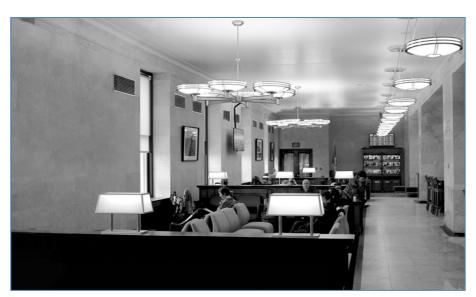
Result: Screenshot

In 2 rooms the light is ON.

6.2. Example Lunatone 3

Layout: Group buttons for tables, ceiling and corridor, general off and direct activation of single luminaries by pressing on the luminaire itself (+optical feedback).

Strategy: 1 background image + 2 keylayouts (Image a und Image b)



ImageBgnd (800*405_72ppi_png):

Background image with all luminaires disabled.



lmage a (800*405_72ppi):

> All unpressed and inactive states. In this case **completely transparent** (grey for better visualisation). Scene and Off-Button only in different color (inactive state)

Image b (800*405_72ppi):

All activated luminaires and pressed buttons (white). This pic will but over the background.

Yellow areas: 60% transparency.



Coordinates:

Reference lines for easy definition of the buttons, 6px reserve to the symbols

In pages.xml a function will be assigned to each field

